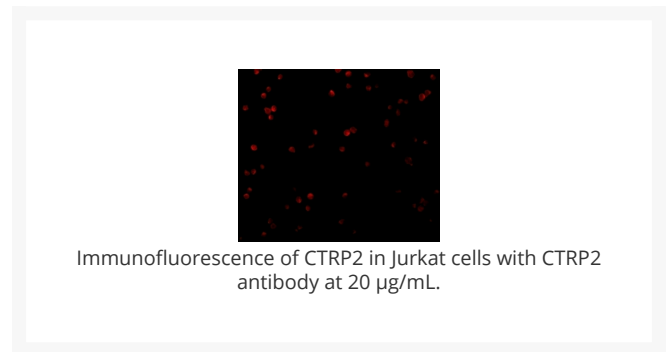
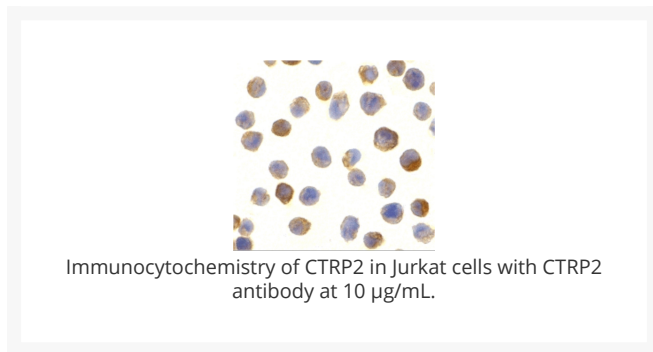
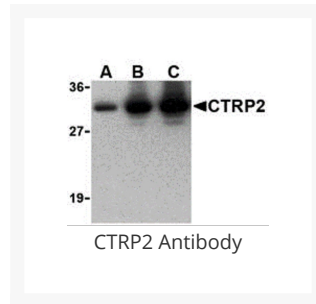




CTRP2 Antibody

Cat. No.: 3671



Ψ Specifications

HOST SPECIES:	Rabbit
SPECIES REACTIVITY:	Human, Mouse, Rat
IMMUNOGEN:	CTRP2 antibody was raised against recombinant human CTRP2.
TESTED APPLICATIONS:	ELISA, ICC, IF, WB
APPLICATIONS:	CTRP2 antibody can be used for the detection of CTRP2 by Western blot at 1 µg/mL. Antibody can also be used for immunocytochemistry starting at 10 µg/mL. For immunofluorescence start at 20 µg/mL. Antibody validated: Immunocytochemistry in human samples and Immunofluorescence in human samples. All other applications and species not yet tested.
SPECIFICITY:	These proteins are often highly modified post-translationally and migrate in SDS-PAGE at positions other than their predicted size.

POSITIVE CONTROL:	1) Cat. No. 1205 - Jurkat Cell Lysate
	2) Cat. No. 17-005 - Jurkat Cell Slide

Ψ Properties

PURIFICATION:	CTRP2 Antibody is affinity chromatography purified via peptide column.
CLONALITY:	Polyclonal
ISOTYPE:	IgG
CONJUGATE:	Unconjugated
PHYSICAL STATE:	Liquid
BUFFER:	CTRP2 Antibody is supplied in PBS containing 0.02% sodium azide.
CONCENTRATION:	1 mg/mL
STORAGE CONDITIONS:	CTRP2 antibody can be stored at 4 °C for three months and -20 °C, stable for up to one year. As with all antibodies care should be taken to avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles. Antibodies should not be exposed to prolonged high temperatures.

Ψ Additional Info

OFFICIAL SYMBOL:	C1QTNF2
ALTERNATE NAMES:	CTRP2 Antibody: CTRP2, zacrp2, CTRP2, UNQ6349/PRO21054, Complement C1q tumor necrosis factor-related protein 2
ACCESSION NO.:	NP_114114
PROTEIN GI NO.:	94818738
GENE ID:	114898
USER NOTE:	Optimal dilutions for each application to be determined by the researcher.

Ψ Background and References

BACKGROUND:	<p>CTRP2 Antibody: Adipose tissue of an organism plays a major role in regulating physiologic and pathologic processes such as metabolism and immunity by producing and secreting a variety of bioactive molecules termed adipokines. One highly conserved family of adipokines is adiponectin/ACRP30 and its structural and functional paralogs, the C1q/tumor necrosis factor-alpha-related proteins (CTRPs) 1-7. Unlike adiponectin, which is expressed exclusively by differentiated adipocytes, the CTRPs are expressed in a wide variety of tissues. These proteins are thought to act mainly on liver and muscle tissue to control glucose and lipid metabolism. An analysis of the crystal structure of adiponectin revealed a structural and evolutionary link between TNF and C1q-containing proteins, suggesting that these proteins arose from a common ancestral innate immunity gene. Of the CTRPs, CTRP2 is most similar structurally and functionally to adiponectin. Recombinant CTRP2 rapidly activated AMPK and MAPK in cultured C2C12 cells, leading to increased glycogen accumulation and fatty acid oxidation.</p>
REFERENCES:	<p>1) Fantuzzi G. Adipose tissue, adipokines, and inflammation. <i>J. Allergy Clin. Immunol.</i> 2005; 115:911-9.</p>
	<p>2) Tsao T-S, Lodish HF, and Fruebis J. ACRP30, a new hormone controlling fat and glucose metabolism. <i>Euro. J. Pharmacol.</i> 2002; 440:213-21.</p>
	<p>3) Wong GW, Wang J, Hug C, et al. A family of Acp30/ adiponectin structural and functional paralogs. <i>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA</i> 2004; 101:10302-7.</p>
	<p>4) Shapiro L and Scherer PE. The crystal structure of a complement-1q family protein suggests an evolutionary link to tumor necrosis factor. <i>Curr. Biol.</i> 1998; 8:335-8.</p>

ANTIBODIES FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY.

For additional information, visit ProSci's [Terms & Conditions Page](#).